





### FASTAR®

#### PRECISE · PREDICTABLE · PERFORMANCE

With the 2021 introduction of FASTAR, Nippon Paint Marine has once again pushed the boundaries of what is possible from a self-polishing copolymer antifouling paint.

Inspired by the unique micro resin structure of its biocide-free antifouling, AQUATERERAS, FASTAR's game-changing nano-sized resin binder not only sets the benchmark high in terms of delivering precise, predictable antifouling performance, but also improves drydock efficiency, reduces application time, drydocking costs, fuel consumption and carbon emissions.

It is by precisely controlling the release of biocides that Nippon Paint Marine has been able to deliver a high-performing, low-polishing antifouling system that not only delivers unprecedented commercial benefits but also helps shipowners and operators meet emissions abatement and energy efficiency targets.

FASTAR is a radically new generation of self-polishing and self-smoothing antifouling paint that uses nano-binder technology.

#### MILESTONES

1997

2003

2006

2008

Hydrogel water-trapping

2017

Nippon Paint starts to manufacture marine paint products.

Patents world's first antifouling paint (Patent No.20599) and starts production of antifouling systems for Japan's

domestic fleet.

Company Nippon Paint Co., Ltd.

Vinilex, an antifouling paint that uses vinyl, is introduced to the marine industry.

Marine Seafront Research Centre was established in Okayama.

First self-polishing copolymer antifouling paints launched.

The company's marine division is rebranded Nippon Paint Marine Coatings Co., Ltd.

World's first tin-free self-polishing copolymer antifouling **ECOLOFLEX** is introduced.

Nippon Paint Marine's advanced anticorrosive self-indicating' system NOA is launched.

Awarded ISO certification.

Nippon Paint Marine patents its unique Hydrogel

The low friction antifouling paint LF-SEA is launched. The coating is the first to adopt Nippon Paint Marine's

The ultra-low friction antifouling paint A-LF-SEA is launched. The world's first completely biocide-free self-polishing antifouling paint **AQUATERRAS** is introduced.

Introduction of FASTAR the industry's first antifouling coating with a nano sized structure.

### **A TOMORROW TECHNOLOGY TODAY**

FASTAR, a self-polishing copolymer antifouling paint that uses completely new hydrophilic and hydrophobic nano-sized silyl acrylate components to precisely control the release of biocides.

This new approach delivers the ultimate in fouling protection.

With FASTAR, biocide release is carefully regulated by its nano-binder structure. Its biocide delivery is more precise.

FASTAR provides a consistent 90-month performance and is less affected by any change in conditions, such as higher sea water temperatures, or a ship's operating speed.

FASTAR XI includes Nippon Paint Marine's proprietary water trapping Hydrogel technology.



Nanotechnology **Biocide Control** 

efficiency

Maximum biocide release



Hydrogel water trapping technology included as an option for ultra-low friction



Precise polishing / optimum antifouling



8% fuel savings



1.2% speed loss



Application and drydock time reduced by as much as 37%



Low friction



60 idling days



90 months dry dock interval



Lower VOC and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions



**Environmentally friendly** by associating with UN's Sustainable Development Goals\*



Nippon Paint Marine is certified to ISO 14001 environmental standards and manufactures coatings in line with UN Sustainable **Development Goals** 





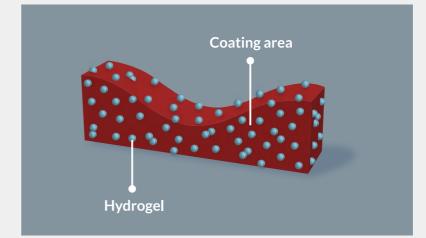




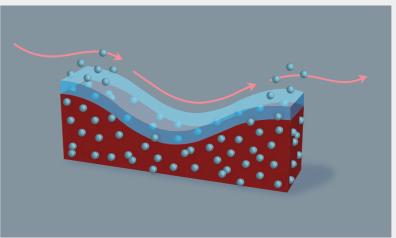
	FASTAR I	FASTAR XI			
Technology	Self polishing & self smoothing antifoulir with hydrophilic & hydrophobic in Nano-binder structure				
Fuel Efficiency	3% Fuel Saving 3% Speed Loss over 60M service interval Low friction	8% Fuel Saving 1.2% Speed Loss over 60M service interval Ultra Low Friction			
Dry Dock Efficiency	Cost & time saving Reduced overcoating time Reduced time needed before flooding				
Idling Days	60 days				
Dry Dock Interval	90 months				
Environmentally Friendly	High volume solids (59%) Lower paint film thickness required Low CO <sub>2</sub> and VOC emissions				
Low Dry Film Thickness Relative to Conventional Self-polishing Antifouling					
Supreme Antifouling Efficacy with Controlled-biocide-release					
HYDROGEL (Water Trapping Technology)	-	Enhanced lower friction			
Hydrodyamic Efficiency					

<sup>\*</sup> Performance claims subject to vessel size, operating profile and correct application

## HYDROGEL

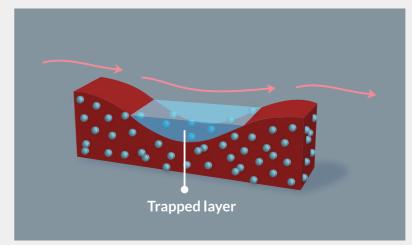


Nippon Paint Marine developed Hydrogel antifouling following extensive research into the skin structure of tuna fish. This was found to contain a mechanism that repels water.



Hydrogel is a crosslinked, three-dimesional hydrophilic polymer that does not dissolve in water. It is highly absorbent yet maintains well defined structures.

Hydrogel properties underpin several applications, especially in the biomedical and marine coatings area.



In antifouling products, Hydrogel traps a microscopic layer of water on the coating's surface as the ship moves through the water.

This smooths the water flow around the hull, creating a slippery surface which significantly reduces hull-to-water friction. Hydrogel significantly lower fuel consumption.



Nippon Paint Marine was the first to use and patent Hydrogel in self-polishing antifouling paints creating the world's first low-friction coating LF-SEA, in 2008.

Since then, Nippon Paint Marine has applied Hydrogel-based coatings to more than 4,000 ships.

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# PRECISION

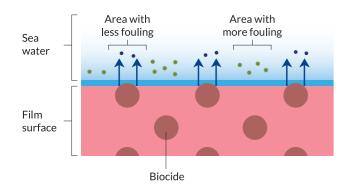
Typical antifouling performance becomes less reliable when the seawater polishing rate is low. This is not the case with FASTAR.

FASTAR's unique nano-sized hydrophilic and hydrophobic resin structure minimises the effect that seawater temperatures, vessel speeds and other external factors have on coating performance.

Nano sized hydrophilic components spread the antifouling components over a wider area, while the nano hydrophobic elements ensure the antifouling biocides are retained in the surface layer.

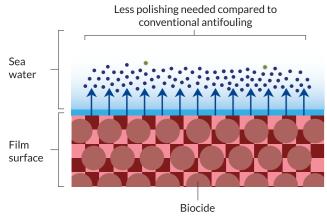
This means the release of active biocide ions are more precisely controlled, resulting in consistent antifouling performance up to 90 months from a reduced coating volume. The hull is clean for longer, even in idle periods or when slow steaming.

#### Conventional antifouling in operation



- Non-nano binders unable to control biocide release
- Uncontrolled seawater polishing results in hydrophilic surface only
- Biocides deplete resulting in increased fouling
- Increased dry film thickness or remedial coatings are required

#### **FASTAR** antifouling in operation



Antifouling component (Ion)
eluted from biocide

Sea
water

Film
surface

Biocide

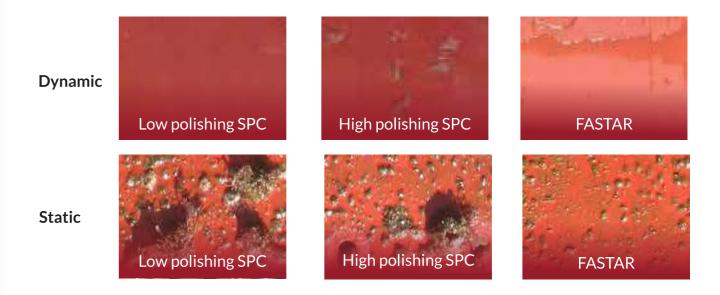
Nano scale

- Unique hydrophobic and hydrophilic nano resin binder provides polishing precision
- Controlled biocide release across the entire coated surface
- Lower dry film thickness than existing self-polishing copolymer coatings
- Hydrogel water trapping technology included as an option for greater fuel savings

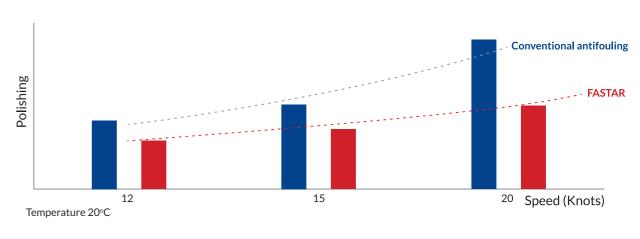


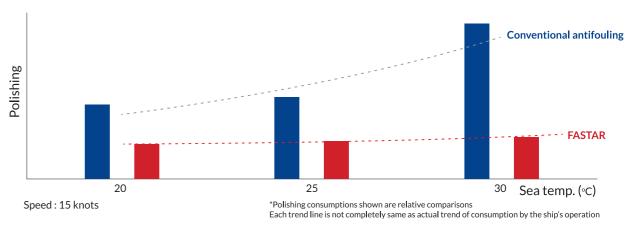
#### PERFORMANCE

Test patches after 12 months immersion in 75% dynamic conditions at 14 knots and in seawater temperatures of up to 30°C showed consistent polishing rates compared to conventional SPC antifouling technologies. In both cases, the FASTAR hull was free from fouling after 12 months.



Polished thickness measured by seawater temperatures (20°C, 25°C & 30°C) and increase in speed (12kts, 15kts & 20kts).





Conventional antifouling FASTAR

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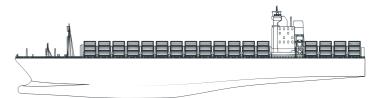




For a bulk carrier with 70% activity, operating at 14kts in seawater temperatures of 24°C, a FASTAR scheme provides 60 months of service from a dry film thickness of 200 $\mu$ m on the vertical sides and a 120 $\mu$ m coat of on the flat bottom.

A conventional antifouling covering the same 2,000m2 area would require  $260\mu$ m on the sides and  $170\mu$ m on the flat bottom; or 775 litres of paint versus 1,038 litres.

Pos.	Area m²	Product Name	Colour	Volume	DFT	Practical Coverage	Quantity
				Solid %	μm	m²/Ltr	practical L
1	1.000	Flat Bottom 14 knots, activ	ity 256 days/ye	ar, 60 months, 24	°C average se	awater temperature	
1	1.000	FASTAR XI	Red Brown	59	120	3.44	291
One coa	at				120		
2	1.000	Vertical Sides 14 knots, activ	ity 256 days/ye	ar, 60 months, 24	°C average sea	awater temperature	
1	1.000	FASTAR XI	Dark Brown	59	100	4.13	242
2	1.000	FASTAR XI	Red Brown	59	100	4.13	242
Two coa	ats				200		



For a containership with 80% activity, operating at 18kts in seawater temperatures of 26°C, a FASTAR scheme provides 60 months of service from a dry film thickness of 260 $\mu$ m on the vertical sides and a 160 $\mu$ m coat of on the flat bottom.

A conventional antifouling covering the same 2,000m2 area would require  $330\mu m$  on the sides and  $220\mu m$  on the flat bottom; or 1,018 litres of paint versus 1,330 litres.

Pos.	Area m <sup>2</sup>	Product Name	Colour	Volume Solid %	DFT µm	Practical Coverage m²/Ltr	Quantity practical L
1	1.000	Flat Bottom 18 knots, activ	rity 292 days/ye	ear, 60 months, 26	°C average se	awater temperature	•
1	1.000	FASTAR XI	Dark Brown	59	80	5.16	194
2	1.000	FASTAR XI	Red Brown	59	80	5.16	194
One coa	at				160		
2	1.000	Vertical Sides 18 knots, activ	vity 292 days/ye	ear, 60 months, 26	°C average se	awater temperature	:
1	1.000	FASTAR XI	Dark Brown	59	130	3.18	315
2	1.000	FASTAR XI	Red Brown	59	130	3.18	315
Two coa	nts				260		

Nippon Paint Marine has been producing marine coatings since the 1880s and is widely regarded as a pioneer in the development hull protection and antifouling paints.

Nippon Paint Marine is certified to ISO 14001 environmental standards and manufactures coatings in line with UN Sustainable Development Goals.

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